



### **Learning Objectives**

As a result of this session, you will be able to:

- List the Core Competencies for a Prosecutor in a Specialty Court;
- Explain the importance of Risk/Need/Responsivity Principles;
- Recognize how Specialty Courts fit into the traditional role of public safety; and,
- Describe how the Specialty Court Prosecutor needs to think differently

- Initial challenges
- · What we learned
- Anecdotal data promising
- Challenges changed over time

68%

Reduction in Recidivism

\$9.43 Cost Benefit

every dollar spent on DIVERT Court, \$9.43 of costs can be saved by society

http://faculty.smu.edu/tfomby/DivertFinal.pdf





# A Different Kind of Animal

An effective prosecutor in a Specialty Court has a different mindset

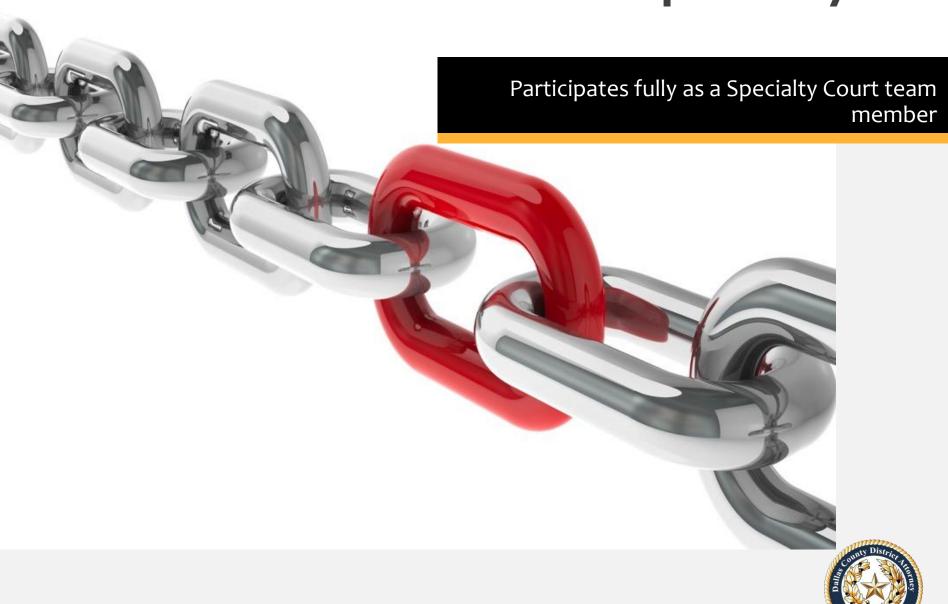




# A Different Kind of Animal

### Non-Adversarial Courts

- Therapeutic approach
- Teamwork with Judge, defense attorneys, & the Specialty Court team
- Works toward recovery and productive citizenship rather than incarceration
- Belief in the effectiveness of alternative courts



## COMPETENCY 1: Participates fully as a Specialty Court team member, committing him or herself to the program mission & goals

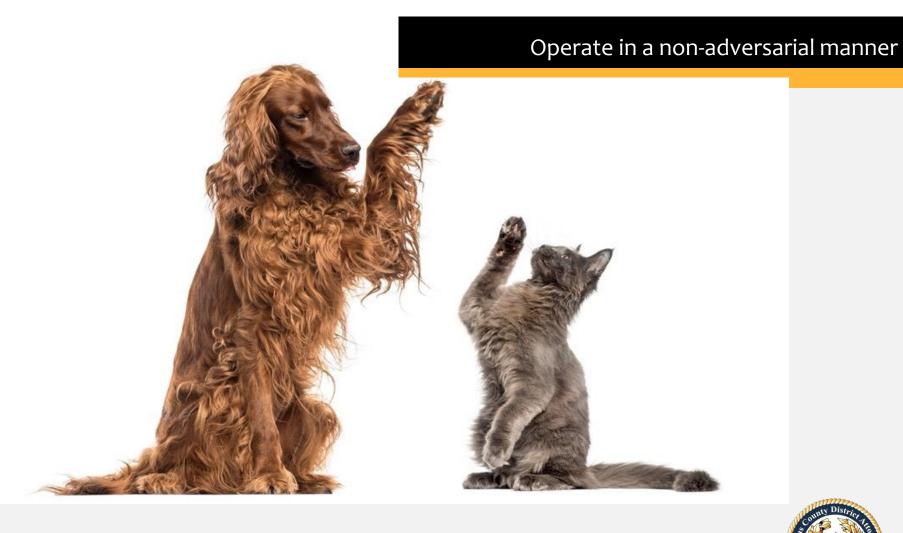
#### **PLANNING PROCESS**

- Assists in scheduling planning meetings conducive to the schedule of each specialty court team member
- Compromises with team members regarding structure of program (including creating a program mission along with goals and objectives) during planning process meetings
- Assists in gathering data relevant to the population that would be impacted by specialty court
- Develops efficient method of conducting legal screens on potential specialty court participants
- Actively demands participant accountability
- Assists in creating and executing all participant waivers and contracts

# COMPETENCY 1: Participates fully as a Specialty Court team member, committing him or herself to the program mission & goals

#### **OPERATIONAL COURT**

- Promptly conducts legal screens on offenders recommended to specialty court
- Assists in executing all participant waivers and contracts
- Advocates for prompt sanctions in response to negative client behavior
- Protects integrity for specialty court program by monitoring effectiveness of community supervision
- Maintains up-to-date record of participant performance
- Moves for dismissal of participant from program based on factual history of non- compliance (when appropriate)



Competency 2: The prosecutor, while in Specialty Court, participates as a team member, operating in a non-adversarial manner, promoting a sense of a unified team presence.

### **PLANNING PROCESS**

- Attends regularly scheduled planning meetings
- Compromises with team members regarding structure of program (including creating a program mission along with goals and objectives) during planning process meetings
- Assists in gathering data relevant to the population that would be impacted by specialty court
- Develops professional rapport with team members based on information sharing
- Actively participates in team building exercises



Competency 2: The prosecutor, while in Specialty Court, participates as a team member, operating in a non-adversarial manner, promoting a sense of a unified team presence.

### **OPERATIONAL COURT**

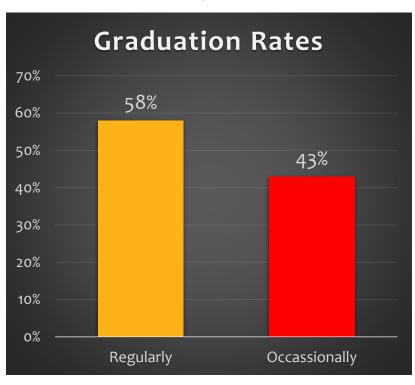
- Attends regularly scheduled court staffings
- Solicits information regarding participant progress, or lack thereof, from all team members
- Share information regarding status of the drug court and individual clients with drug court team members
- Maintains up-to-date record of participant performance



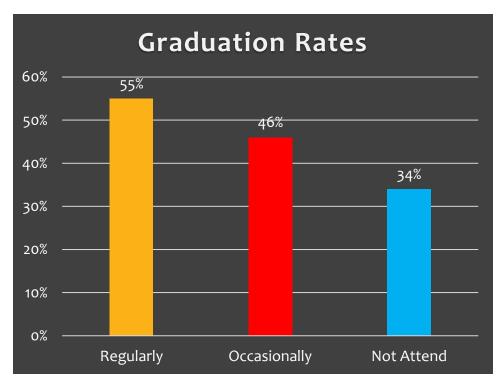
### Research confirms

Presence of the district attorney at staffing and review dockets matters

### **DA Attends Staffing**



#### **DA Attends Court Sessions**







Competency 3: As part of the Specialty Court team, in appropriate non-court settings (i.e. staffing), the prosecutor advocates for effective incentives and sanctions for program compliance or lack thereof.

### PLANNING PROCESS

- Attends regularly scheduled planning meetings
- Assists in researching use of incentives and sanctions in specialty court setting
- Actively participates in seeking appropriate incentives and sanctions that benefit local community
- Compromises with team in creating incentives and sanctions and assures final decisions are memorialized



Competency 3: As part of the Specialty Court team, in appropriate non-court settings (i.e. staffing), the prosecutor advocates for effective incentives and sanctions for program compliance or lack thereof.

### **OPERATIONAL COURT**

- Attends regularly scheduled staffings
- Requests appropriate incentives and sanctions, based on participant behavior
- Researches efficacy of specialty court's behavior modification techniques
- Argues for swift response to participant behavior
- Maintains up-to-date record on prior incentives and sanctions given to assure

#### Sanction Matrix - Court Responses

Step 1 - Identify the Behavior

Low	Moderate	High	Very High
Late for event	Unexcused Absence	2 <sup>nd</sup> or more Missed UA	Criminal Behavior
Dress Inappropriately	Risky Behavior	Alcohol Use	Arrest
No Journal	First Missed UA	Drug Use	
Failure to complete	Failure to obtain	Tamper w/ UA/device	
assignment	job/enroll in school/GED	Lying/Willful Deception	

Step 2 - Determine the Response

	LOW	MODERATE	HIGH
Phase 1	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Phase 2	Level 2	Level 2	Level 3
Phase 3	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Compliance Track	Level 3	Level 3	Level 4

### Response Matrix

Step 3 - Choose the Sanction

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	
Judicial	Judicial	Judicial	Judicial	Judicial	
Reprimand	Reprimand	Reprimand	Reprimand	Reprimand	
<b>Thinking Report</b>	Thinking Report	Thinking Report	Thinking Report	Thinking Repo	
CSR	≤4 hrs	≤8 hrs	≤16 hrs	≤ 24 hrs	
R&B		8 hrs	16 hrs	24 hrs	
Jury Box			Jury Box	Jury Box	Jury box
Jail			≤ 48 hrs jail	≤ 3 days jail	≤ 5 days jail
Other			Zero Tolerance	Termination Notice	Termination

### Matrix is a guide

### Behavior responses

- **≻**Court
- **≻**Treatment
- **>** Supervision

#### Treatment Responses determined per individualized treatment plan (ex below)

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Daily Journaling Read 12 Step Excerpt Recovery Collage Homework Assign Increased Individual	Level 1 plus: 12 Step Mtgs Psychoedu Class Dev SMART goal Trx behave contract	Level 1, 2, plus: Device 12 step work Trx Team Review Cost/Benefit Analysis Bye to drug letter	Level 1, 2, 3, plus: Relapse Prev Plan Re-assessment Family Session School Costr contact	Level 1, 2, 3, 4 plus: Discharge

#### **Supervision Responses**

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Address in rpt appt Keep planner	Level 1 plus: Home Visit Additional rpt day	Level 1, 2 plus: Increase ETGs/UAs Transitional Housing	Level 1, 2, 3 plus: Supervisor consult	Level 1, 2, 3, 4 plus: Discharge



### **Positive Behavior**

### **AIM COURT**

#### **Incentive Matrix -**

Step 1 - Identify the **Behavior** 

Easy	Moderate	Difficult
Compliance	Health/Prosocial	Specific Target
Attendance at treatment	Employment	Abstinence
Attendance at other appts	Progress in Education	Treatment Goals Completed
Report to UA	Progress in Trx	Court Phase Goals Completed
Payment		Pav Final Restitution Pavment
Complete Journal Entries		

#### Step 2 - Determine the Response

	Easy	MODERAT
Phase 1	Small	Medium
Phase 2	Small	Medium
Phase 3		Small
Compliance Track		

# Responses to Client Behavior

### Matrix is a guide

#### Step 3 - Choose the Incentive

Small	Medium
CSM Verbal Praise	Any small or:
Judicial Verbal Praise	Judicial Recognition Sticker for Jrnl
"Leave Court Early Group"	Spin the Wheel:
Raffle Ticket	Gift card, 2 CSR credit hrs, cand
	Leave ct early, standing ovatio

Any small, medium or:

Phase Advancement or Compliance
Track Certificate & Leave Court Early



### Ensures community safety concerns





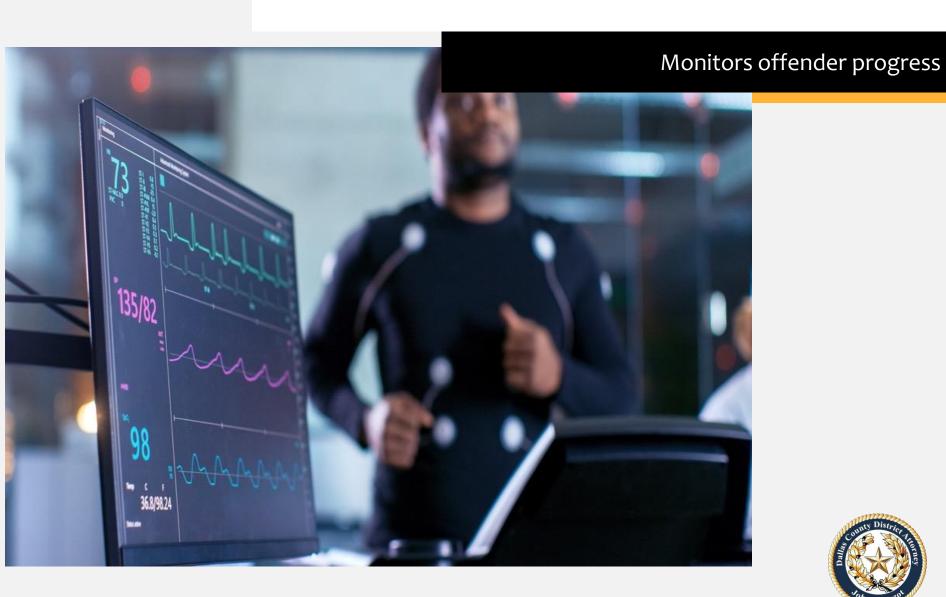
Competency 4: Ensures community safety concerns by maintaining eligibility standards while participating in a non-adversarial environment which focuses on the benefits of therapeutic program outcomes.

### PLANNING PROCESS

- Participates with entire team in creating eligibility criteria for potential drug court participants
- Analyzes population for whom specialty court might be most effective based on current offender characteristics

### **OPERATIONAL COURT**

- Moves for dismissal of specialty court participants who no longer meet eligibility criteria
- Monitors participant behavior for compliance and continued eligibility





COMPETENCY 5: Monitors offender progress to define parameters of behavior that allow continued program participation and suggest effective incentives and sanctions for program compliance.

### **PLANNING PROCESS**

- Attends regularly scheduled planning meetings
- Builds effective means of information sharing with entire team in order to make informed choices for participants
- Compromises with team in creating program procedures and protocol
- Assures each specialty court participant is fully advised of requirements of program prior to agreeing to participate
- Assists in completion of all client contracts and waivers

COMPETENCY 5: Monitors offender progress to define parameters of behavior that allow continued program participation and suggest effective incentives and sanctions for program compliance.

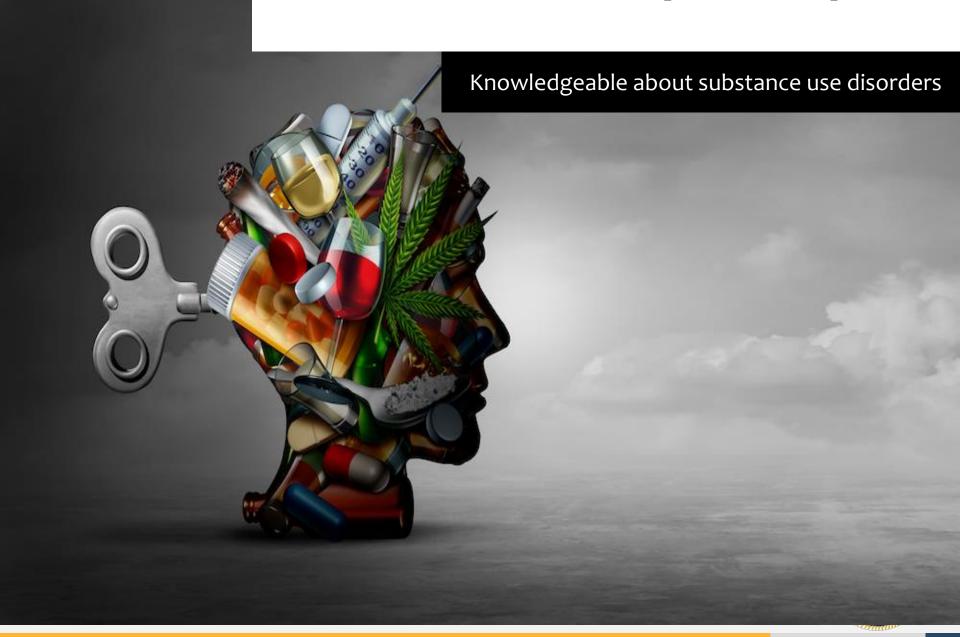
### **OPERATIONAL COURT**

- Attends regularly scheduled staffings
- Solicits information from team members regarding client compliance
- Vehemently encourages sanctions for client noncompliance and seeks incentives for client compliance
- Files motions or other legal document in order to remove noncompliant participants
- Offers encouragement to participants while reminding them of consequences of noncompliance

COMPETENCY 5: Monitors offender progress to define parameters of behavior that allow continued program participation and suggest effective incentives and sanctions for program compliance.

### Video – Specialty Court Team Concept





Competency 6: Is knowledgeable about addiction, alcoholism and pharmacology generally and applies that knowledge to respond to compliance in a therapeutically appropriate manner.

### PLANNING PROCESS

- Attends regularly scheduled planning meetings
- Assists in selecting competent and informed treatment provider
- Assists in drafting memorandum of understanding with treatment provider that assures effective information sharing and compliance with all regulations
- Researches effective treatment modalities for offender population
- Creates open dialogue with treatment provider to ensure appropriate treatment
- Researches and studies publications regarding addiction, alcoholism and pharmacology



Competency 6: Is knowledgeable about addiction, alcoholism and pharmacology generally and applies that knowledge to respond to compliance in a therapeutically appropriate manner.

### **OPERATIONAL COURT**

Continues to research effective treatment modalities
 Conducts regular quality assurance to ensure
 appropriate treatment Attends and actively
 participates in all court sessions and staffing



### Paul Cary – "Google is your friend!"

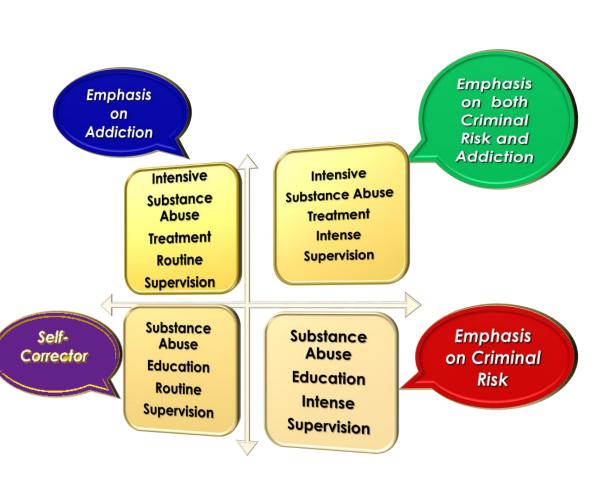


- Check out NADCP/NDCI websites and download as much as you can.
- Watch the webinar seminars –
   especially on ETG/ETS (ethyl
   glucuronide/ethyl sulfate),
   designer drugs and dilution by
   Paul Cary.
- Subscribe to different drug testing sites for info.
- Go to an open 12-step mtg and read the basic text.





- Target offenders with higher probability of recidivism
- Provide most intensive supervision to higher risk offenders
- Intensive supervision for lower risk offender can increase recidivism





### What Are Criminogenic Risks and Needs?

- Risk Needs Responsivity (RNR) Model: Derived from research showing that the best outcomes are achieved in the criminal justice system when:
  - 1) The intensity of supervision matches the individual's risk for recidivism
  - 2) Interventions focus on the specific conditions that contribute to the individual's involvement with crime

#### • Risk:

- Does <u>NOT</u> indicate that someone is harmful, violent, or dangerous
- Refers to the probability of committing a new offense

#### Needs:

- Refers to risk factors for criminal recidivism that are potentially changeable/treatable
- Focuses on treatment needs and social service needs
- Needs <u>do not</u> cause crime, but they can interfere with change and rehabilitation if not addressed
- Focus on ensuring the individual receives the services they do need and in the right order.
- https://www.prainc.com/risk-need-responsitivity



- Normed & Validated
- Measures the following areas:
  - Criminal History
  - Education, Employment, and Financial Situation
  - Family and Social Support
  - Neighborhood
  - Substance Use
  - Peer Associations
  - Criminal Attitudes and Behavioral Patterns







COMPETENCY 7: Is knowledgeable of gender, age and cultural issues that may impact the offender's success.

### PLANNING PROCESS

- Assists in selecting team members who are gender, age and culturally aware
- Attends training opportunities to inform team members about cultural competence

### **OPERATIONAL COURT**

 Continues to attend training opportunities to inform team members about cultural competence

https://www.ndci.org/wpcontent/uploads/2019/02/Equity-and-Inclusion-Toolkit.pdf



Are you aware of how exclusionary criteria affect your underserved group? If no, go to pages 7 and 8



Screening tools are designed to help staff identify who is most appropriate for treatment court. Do you have a screening tool?

If no, go to page 8

**Equity & Inclusion** 

Do you know why individuals are not being admitted?

If no, go to pages 8-10 Do you know which group is underserved?

If no, go to pages 4-5

EQUIVALENT ACCESS
ASSESSMENT and TOOLKIT

Do you have a written list of criteria to determine who might be eligible?

If no, go to page 6



Contributes to community education and local resource acquisition





COMPETENCY 8: Contributes to the team's efforts in community education and local resource acquisition.

### PLANNING PROCESS

- Evaluates whether any potential funding sources exist within the prosecutor's office
- With other team members, attends local civic organizations, bar association and other community meetings

### OPERATIONAL COURT

• Assist in researching any potential funding streams (Form a local non-profit?)



# COMPETENCY 9: Contributes to education of peers, colleagues and judiciary in the efficacy of Specialty Courts. PLANNING PROCESS

- Informs judiciary and local bar association about specialty courts
- Seeks public speaking opportunities to speak about specialty courts
- Discusses specialty courts with colleagues

#### **OPERATIONAL COURT**

- Oversees integrity of specialty court program through quality assurance
- Disseminates information about specialty court as frequently as possible

#### **IDEAS:**

- Participate in your state organization/training
- Spearhead and collaborate with legislative efforts
- Educate the stakeholders in your community

  Texas Association of Specialty Courts

  www.tasctx.org





- Become active in prescreening
- Work with your criminal justice dept or other agencies at the jail
- Notify arraignment judge and/or fellow DAs
- Work with pre-trial release, bonding companies, court coordinators and the defense Bar
- Scan intake or charges ready to be filed for potential candidates



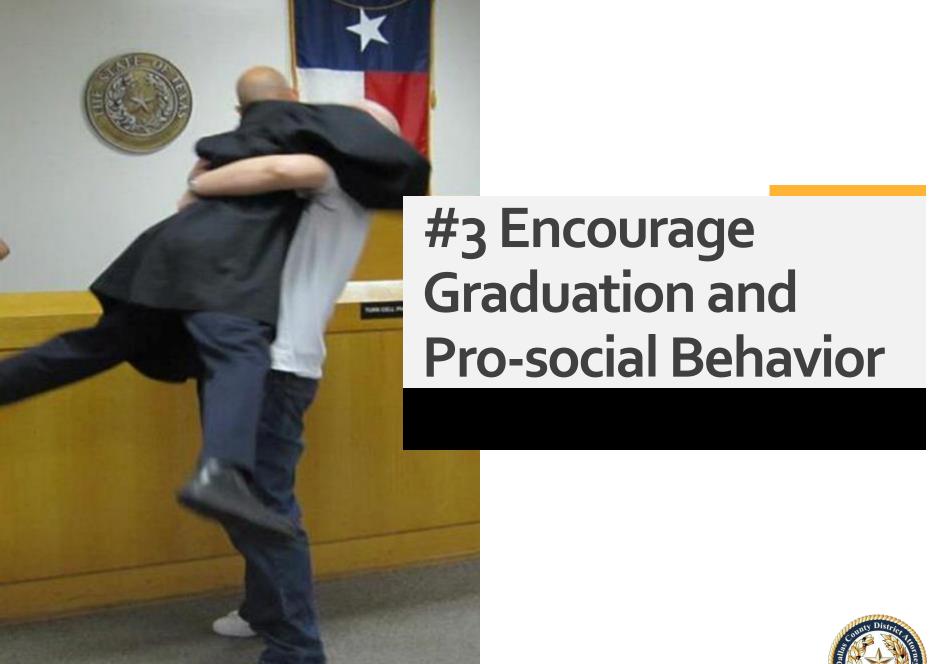




#2 Educate Your Office and Others

 Write articles for local criminal law publications

 Hold training events for all assistant district attorneys in your office.









# Thank you

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